

## DAMIEN HIRST

Damien Hirst was born in 1965 in Bristol and grew up in Leeds. In 1984 he moved to London, where he worked in construction before studying for a B.A. in Fine Art at Goldsmiths College from 1986 to 1989. He was awarded the Turner Prize in 1995.

Since the late 1980's, Hirst has used a varied practice of installation, sculpture, painting and drawing to explore the complex relationship between art, life and death. Explaining: "Art's about life and it can't really be about anything else ... there isn't anything else," Hirst's work investigates and challenges contemporary belief systems, and dissects the tensions and uncertainties at the heart of human experience.

Hirst developed his interest in exploring the "unacceptable idea" of death as a teenager in Leeds. From the age of 16, he made regular visits to the anatomy department of Leeds Medical School in order to make life drawings. The experiences served to establish the difficulties he perceived in reconciling the idea of death in life. Of the prominence of death in his work he has explained: "You can frighten people with death or an idea of their own mortality, or it can actually give them vigor."

At Goldsmiths, Hirst's understanding of the distinction between painting and sculpture changed significantly, and he began work on some of his most important series. The *Medicine Cabinets* created in his second year combined the aesthetics of minimalism with Hirst's observation that "science is the new religion for many people. It's as simple and as complicated as that really." This is one of his most enduring themes, and was most powerfully manifested in the installation work, *Pharmacy* in 1992.

In his second year at Goldsmiths, Hirst conceived and curated *Freeze*, a group exhibition in three phases. The exhibition of Goldsmiths students is commonly acknowledged to have been the launching point not only for Hirst, but for a generation of British artists. For its final phase he painted two series of colored spots on the warehouse walls. Hirst describes the spot paintings as a means of "pinning down the joy of color," and explains they provided a solution to all problems he'd previously had with color. It has become one of the artist's most prolific and recognizable series, and in January 2012 the works were exhibited in a show of unprecedented scale across 11 Gagosian Gallery locations worldwide.

In 1991 Hirst began work on *Natural History*, arguably his most famous series. Through preserving creatures in minimalist steel and glass tanks filled with

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formaldehyde solution, he intended to create a “zoo of dead animals.” In 1992, the shark piece, *The Physical Impossibility of Death in the Mind of Someone Living*, created in 1991, was unveiled at the Saatchi Gallery’s *Young British Artists* exhibition. The shark, described by the artist as a “thing to describe a feeling,” remains one of the most iconic symbols of modern British art and popular culture in the ‘90s. The series typifies Hirst’s interest in display mechanisms. The glass boxes he employs both in *Natural History* works and in vitrines, such as *The Acquired Inability to Escape* (1991), act to define the artwork’s space, while simultaneously commenting on the “fragility of existence.”

Since his involvement in *Freeze* in 1988, curatorial projects have remained important to the artist. In 1994 he organized the international group exhibition *Some Went Mad, Some Ran Away* at the Serpentine Gallery. Over a decade later, explaining that he considers collections to constitute a “map of a man’s life”, he curated an award-winning exhibition of work from his *Murderme* collection: *In the Darkest Hour There May Be Light* at the Serpentine Gallery.

Stating: “I am absolutely not interested in tying things down,” Hirst has continued over the last decade to explore the “big issues” of “death, life, religion, beauty, science.” In 2007, he unveiled the spectacular *For the Love of God*, a platinum cast of a skull set with 8,601 flawless pavé-set diamonds, at the White Cube exhibition *Beyond Belief*. The following year, he took the unprecedented step of bypassing gallery involvement in selling 244 new works at Sotheby’s auction house in London. Describing the sale as a means of democratizing the art market, the *Beautiful Inside My Head Forever* auction followed Hirst’s Sotheby’s event in 2004, in which the entire contents of the artist’s restaurant venture, *Pharmacy*, were sold.

Since 1987, over 80 solo Damien Hirst exhibitions have taken place worldwide and his work has been included in over 250 group shows. Hirst’s first major retrospective, *The Agony and the Ecstasy*, was held in the Museo Archeologico Nazionale in Naples in 2004. His contribution to British art over the last two and a half decades was recognized in a major retrospective of his work staged at Tate Modern in 2012.